

# How can Texas Make Financial Aid Work for Texas Students and Families? Financial Aid Policy Webinar

September 11, 2012 10:00am-11:15am

Leslie Helmcamp (<a href="helmcamp@cppp.org">helmcamp@cppp.org</a>)
Policy Analyst, Economic Opportunity

#### Speakers

- Leslie Helmcamp, Policy Analyst, Center for Public Policy Priorities
- Melissa Henderson, Postsecondary Policy Analyst, Educate Texas
- Tamara Draut, Vice President, Policy & Research, Demos
- Panel Discussion, Moderator, Don Baylor, Senior Policy Analyst, Center for Public Policy Priorities
  - Tom Melecki, PhD, Director, UT Student Financial Services
  - Steve Johnson, Vice President for Public Affairs, Texas
     Association of Community Colleges

Dial-in: 1-866-740-1260, Access Code: 1730966

#### Webinar Logistics

- All phones are muted during the presentation.
- Please submit questions through chat.
- To un-mute your phone, press \*7, to mute your line \*6
- Dial-in: 1-866-740-1260, Access code 1730966
- Webinar slides and recording will be posted on our website, www.cppp.org

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#### What CPPP Does



Improving public policies to better the economic and social conditions of low- and moderate-income Texans.

- Creating economic opportunity to strengthen families and grow the middle class;
- Increasing access to quality, affordable health insurance;
- Helping families meet basic needs;
- Enhancing child well-being and child protection;
- > Ensuring effective public administration; and
- > Securing fair and adequate taxation to pay for critical public investments in Texas.

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# BETTER TEXASTM

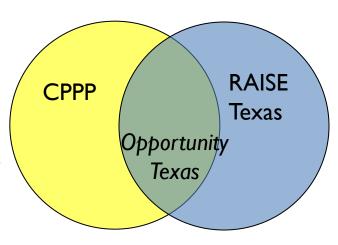
#### What is *OpportunityTexas?*



#### **CPPP Roles &**

#### **Strengths**:

- Advocate
- Policy Innovation & Development
- Research & Data Analysis
- Communications & Coalition Building



#### **RAISE Texas**

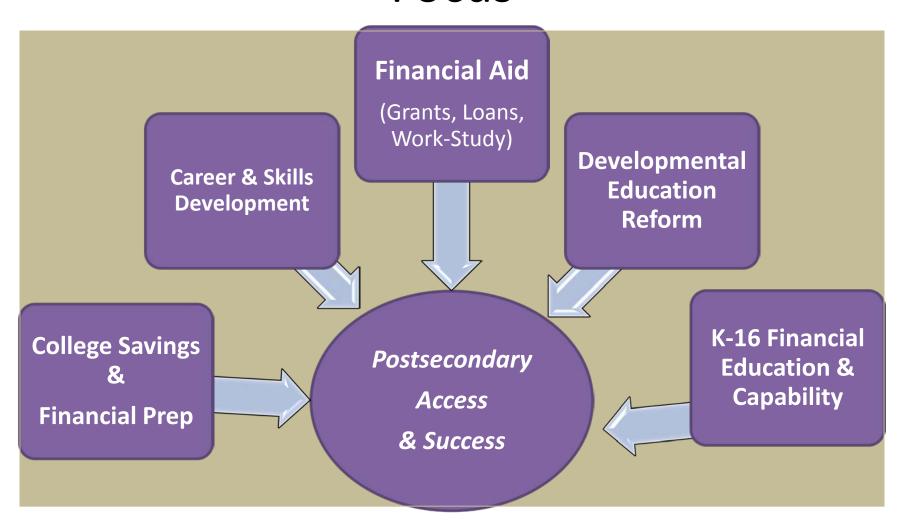
#### **Roles & Strengths:**

- Technical Assistance
- Advisor
- Grassroots Network
- Convener-Collaborator

#### **OpportunityTexas**

- Creates an engaging platform for savings, financial education and financial preparation for college
- Uses existing statewide delivery systems, such as the K-12 system and the workplace, to increase the financial success of Texans
- Forges new partnerships between higher education, business, nonprofits, the public sector, philanthropy, employers, and national intermediaries

# College Access & Completion Areas of Focus



# Strategies to Enhance Financial Preparation for College

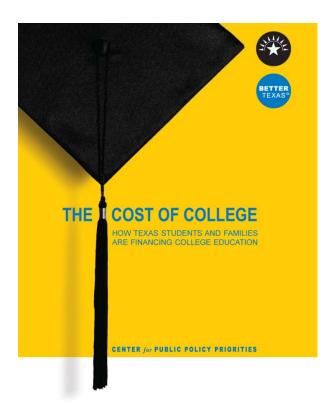
FAFSA Completion

Financial Screening & EFC Estimate

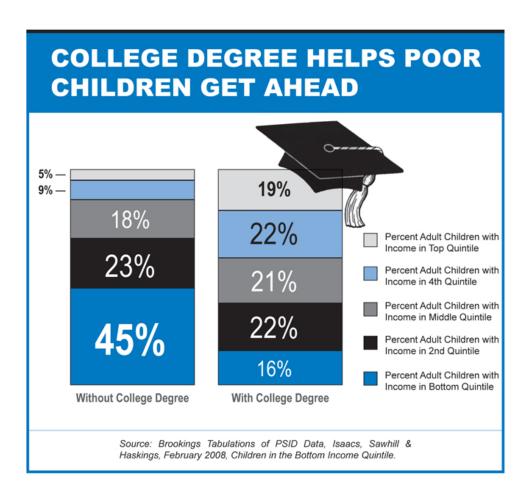
**College Savings** 

**Financial Education** 

#### The Cost of College

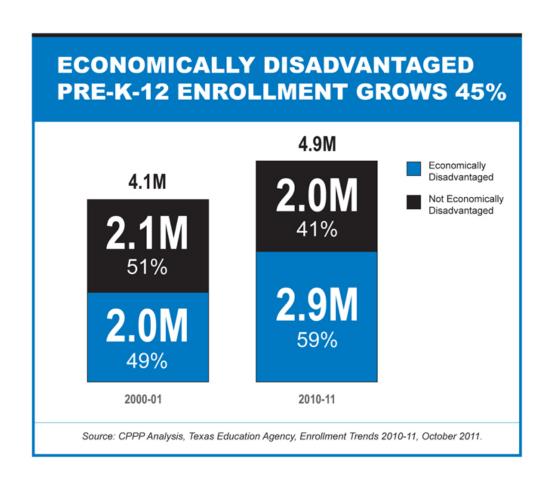


# Children are nearly three times more likely to emerge from poverty as adults if they complete college.

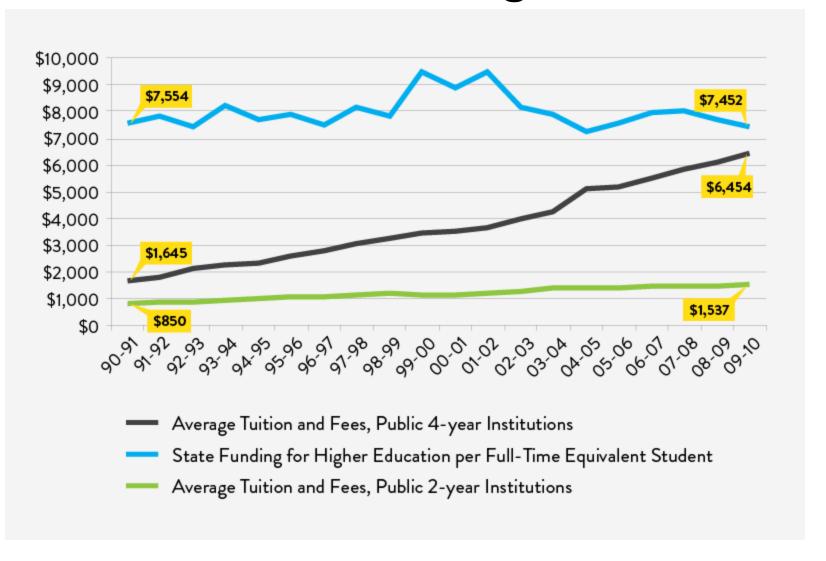


#### Characteristics of Texas College Students

- Growing low-income population
- Most college students attend part-time
- Half of undergraduates are enrolled at community colleges
- Nearly one-third of college students are over age 24
- Strong dependence on loans
- Working during school



#### Trends in Texas Higher Education



#### Affordability Suffers, Debt Rises

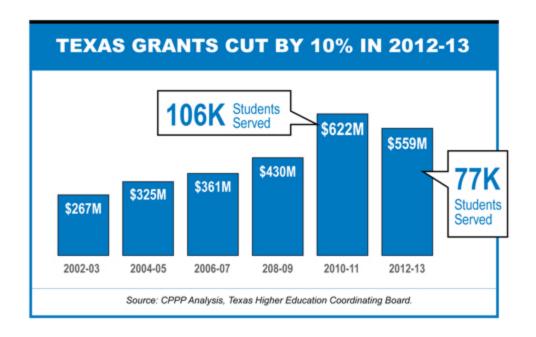
 Tuition, fees, room and board at public 4-year Texas institutions amounted to 29% of median household income in 2009-2010, up from 15% in 1990-1991

• Over half (55%) of students graduating from public four-year colleges in Texas in 2010 left with debt, which averaged \$19,376. In 2001, 43 percent of public four-year Texas graduates left with student loans, which averaged \$14,230.

#### Trends in Financial Aid: Texas

Increased focus on merit criteria

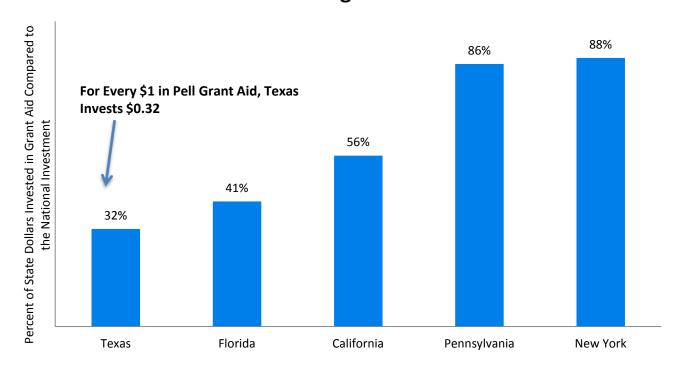
State financial aid programs cut by 15% (TEXAS Grant 10%)



#### Trends in Financial Aid: Texas

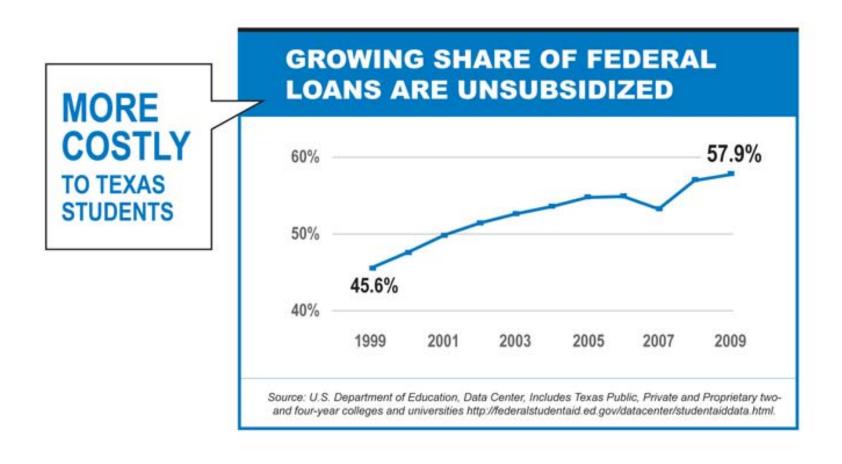
#### Texas Invests Less in Need-Based Aid Compared to other Large States

73% of Texas' financial aid comes from federal sources



Source: CPPP Analysis, National Center for Public Policy and Higher Education, Measuring Up 2008

#### Trends in Financial Aid: Texas

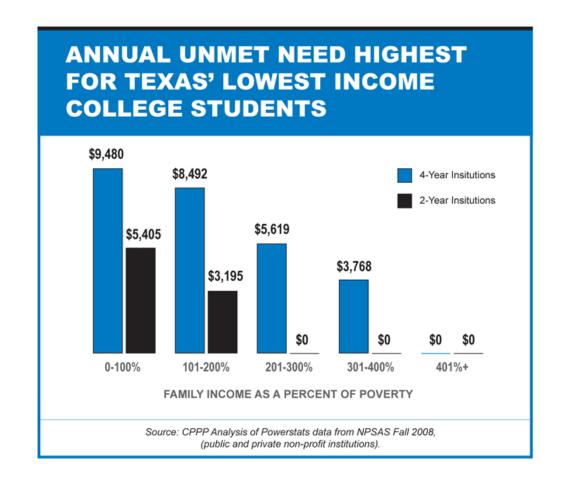


#### Challenges in Financial Aid

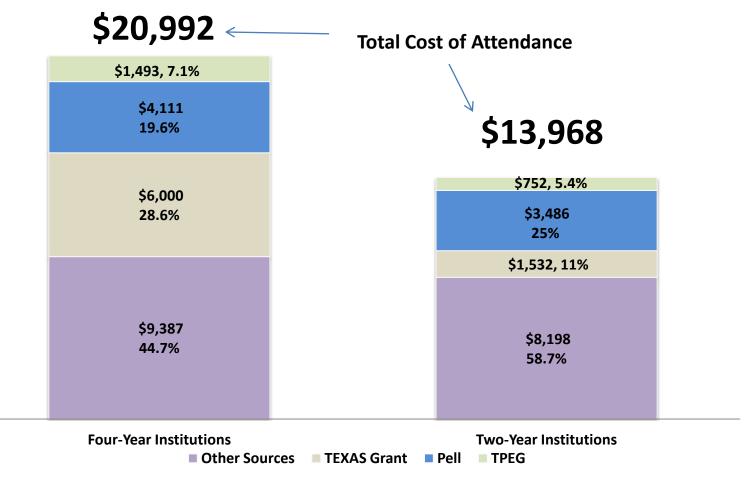
Unmet Need

Challenges for Adult Students

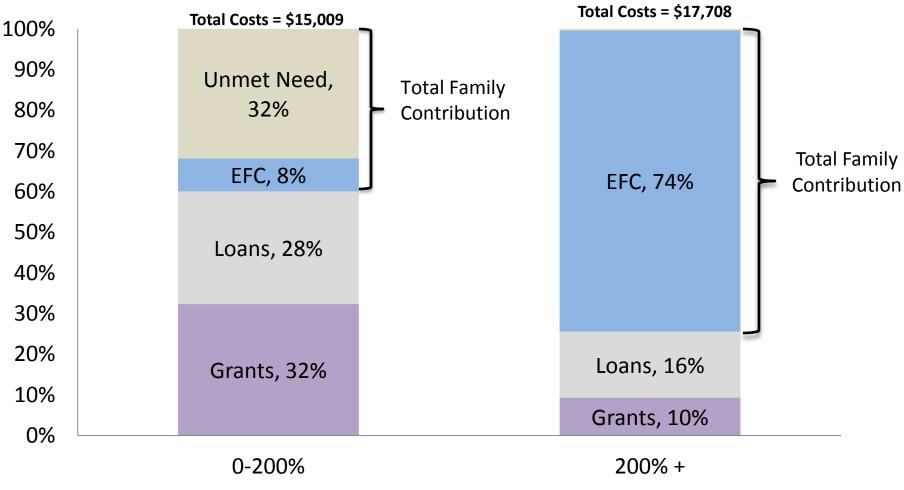
State Budgetary Delays



#### Need-Based Grant Aid Only Covers a Fraction of College Costs at Texas' Public Colleges and Universities



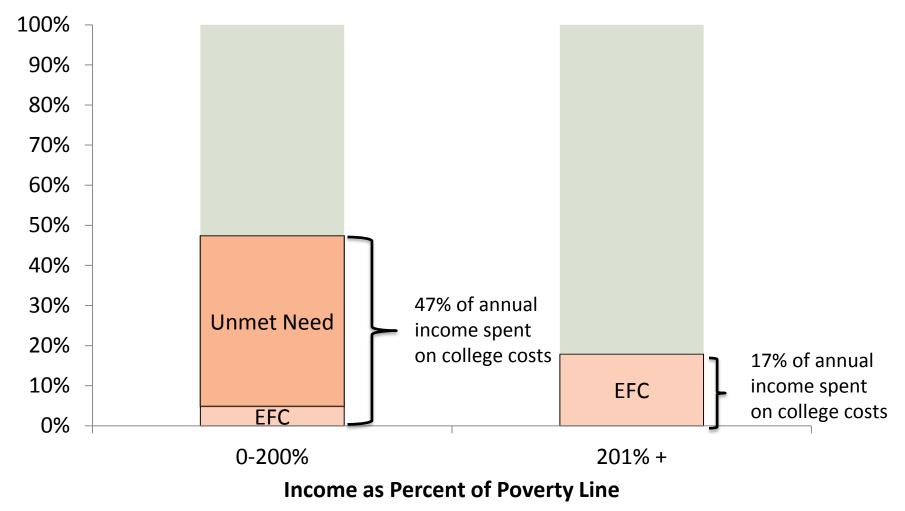
## Low-income families cover a higher percentage of college costs through financial aid, but...



**Income as Percent of Poverty Line** 

Source: CPPP Analysis of National Postsecondary Student Aid Study of 2008, NCES Powerstats.

# Total family contributions as a proportion of income are *nearly triple* for low-income families compared to higher-income



Source: CPPP Analysis of National Postsecondary Student Aid Study of 2008, NCES Powerstats.

#### **CPPP Financial Aid Recommendations**

- Declare a statewide goal to reduce student dependence on loans
- Financial aid incentives for college success
- Increase financial aid investments (work-study, community colleges, adult students)
- Early commitment financial aid
- Promote and fund matched savings accounts for college
- Increase student supports
- Promote and fund early financial preparation strategies for college, including FAFSA preparation and financial education
- Make college-access organizations a prominent and integral partner in state college preparation activities
- Forward fund state financial aid programs

### 2011 Policy Accomplishments



# New Laws Improve Texas' financial capability and college savings

- SB 290 (Watson)—expands mandatory financial literacy into statewide K-8 curricula and assessment platforms
- HB 34 (Branch)—builds on current financial literacy requirement (12<sup>th</sup> grade economics) to include:
  - Instruction on paying for postsecondary education and training
  - Instruction on completing the FAFSA
  - Curricula to be finalized for 2013-2014 academic year

#### Policy Accomplishment



#### (continued)

- HB 2594 (Truitt)—Payday and Auto Title Lending Reform Licensing Bill creates Texas Financial Education Endowment to fund initiatives such as:
  - "school and youth-based financial literacy and capability";
  - "advertising, marketing, and public awareness campaigns to improve the credit profiles and credit scores of consumers in this state";
- HB 399 (Castro)—requires universities to make available training on personal financial literacy (e.g. credit cards, loan repayment, retirement planning, budgeting, saving)
- HB 3708 (Hochberg)—improves Save & Match program by eliminating college savings penalties (financial aid, public benefits)

### Question & Answer

#### Panel Discussion on State Financial Aid

- Moderator: Don Baylor, Senior Policy Analyst,
   Center for Public Policy Priorities
- Tom Melecki, PhD, Director, UT Student Financial Services
- Steve Johnson, Vice President for Public Affairs,
   Texas Association of Community Colleges

#### Today's Webinar and Policy Report Releases

 A full recording of today's webinar and policy report releases can be found on our website

http://cppp.org/research.php?aid=1199

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Center for Public Policy Priorities
900 Lydia Street
Austin, TX 78702
P 512/320-0222 F 512/320-0227